

Nourish Joy

FINANCIAL STATEMENT 2023/24

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Home Nursing Foundation (Established under the Societies Act, Chapter 311 and Charities Act, Chapter 37)

FOUNDATION INFORMATION

Foundation Registration Number 152/76

S344/82

Foundation unique entity number S76SS0044D

Registered Office 490 Lorong 6 Toa Payoh,

HDB Hub #05-10, Singapore 310490

Board of Management Current as at 31 March 2023

Mr T.K. Udairam
Ms Lilian Tham
Vice-President
Mr Teo Hui Yu Richard
Ms Ong Hwee Ling Jenny
Ms Charmaine Chow
Mrs Deby Saroujiuy Pala Krishnan
Ms Low Beng Hoi
President
Vice-President
Secretary
Treasurer
Board Member
Board Member

Ms Low Beng Hoi Board Member
Ms Lim Choon Noi Board Member
Mr Goh Jia Yong Board Member
Ms Jessica Ho Co-opted Board

Ms Jessica Ho

Ms Tee Hui Min Christine

Mr Mock Pack Kay

Mr Thio Tse Gan

Co-opted Board Member

Co-opted Board Member

Co-opted Board Member

Co-opted Board Member

Bankers Oversea-Chinese Banking Corporation Limited

Independent auditor Baker Tilly TFW LLP

600 North Bridge Road, #05-01 Parkview Square,

Singapore 188778

Partner in-charge: Hu Weisheng

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STATEMENT BY THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

In the opinion of the Board of Management,

- (a) the accompanying financial statements of Home Nursing Foundation (the "Foundation") are drawn up in accordance with the Societies Act 1966 (the "Societies Act"), the Charities Act 1994 and other relevant regulations (the "Charities Act and Regulations"), and Financial Reporting Standards in Singapore ("FRSs"), so as to present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Foundation as at 31 March 2024 and of the results, changes in funds and cash flows of the Foundation for the reporting year ended; and
- (b) at the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Foundation will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

The Board of Management approved and authorised these financial statements for issue.

On behalf of the Board of Management

Tham Ee Mern Lilian

Vice President

10 July 2024

Jenny Ong Hwee Ling

Treasurer

to the Members of Home Nursing Foundation (Registered in Singapore under the Societies Act 1966 and the Charities Act 1994)

Report on the audit of financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Home Nursing Foundation (the "Foundation"), as set out on pages 10 to 57, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2024, and the statement of financial activities and changes in funds and statement of cash flows of the Foundation for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements of the Foundation are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Societies Act 1966 (the "Societies Act"), the Charities Act 1994 and other relevant regulations (the "Charities Act and Regulations") and the Financial Reporting Standards in Singapore ("FRSs") so as to present fairly, in all material respects, financial position of the Foundation as at 31 March 2024 and the results, changes in funds and cash flows of the Foundation for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing ("SSAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Foundation in accordance with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority (ACRA) Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Public Accountants and Accounting Entities (ACRA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Singapore, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ACRA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Matter

The financial statements of the Foundation for the financial year ended 31 March 2023 were audited by another firm of auditors which report dated 13 July 2023 expressed an unmodified opinion.

to the Members of Home Nursing Foundation (Registered in Singapore under the Societies Act 1966 and the Charities Act 1994)

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Statement by Board of Management as set out on page 5 and the information included in the Annual Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the provisions of the Societies Act, the Charities Act and Regulations and FRSs, and for such internal controls as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud and error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Foundation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance is responsible for overseeing the Foundation's financial reporting process.

to the Members of Home Nursing Foundation (Registered in Singapore under the Societies Act 1966 and the Charities Act 1994)

Report on the audit of financial statements (cont'd)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 Foundation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Foundation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and
 whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair
 presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

to the Members of Home Nursing Foundation

(Registered in Singapore under the Societies Act 1966 and the Charities Act 1994)

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In our opinion:

(a) the accounting and other records required to be kept by the Foundation have been properly kept in accordance

with the provisions of the Societies Regulations enacted under the Societies Act and the Charities Act and

Regulations; and

(b) the fund-raising appeals held during the financial year has been carried out in accordance with Regulation 6 of the

Societies Regulations issued under the Societies Act and proper accounts and other records have been kept of

the fund-raising appeals.

During the course of our audit, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that during the year:

(a) the Foundation has not used the donation moneys in accordance with its objectives as required under Regulation

11 of the Charities (Institutions of a Public Character) Regulations; and

(b) the Foundation has not complied with the requirements of Regulation 15 of the Charities (Institutions of a Public

Character) Regulations.

Baker Tilly TFW LLP

Public Accountants and

Chartered Accountants

Singapore

10 July 2024

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

		General	
		Operating	
	Note	Fund	
		\$	
2024			
Incoming resources:			
Income from generated funds			
Government subvention and other subsidies		11,408,872	
Government grants		7,662,819	
General donations	5	591,206	
Fund raising projects	5	2,189,671	
Service fees	6	2,422,503	
Investment income			
Interest income			
- Cash and cash equivalents		166,515	
- Debt assets instruments		243,475	
Less: Amortisation of investment premium on debt assets instruments	11	(58,323)	
Subtotal		351,667	
Less: Allocation between funds		(258,441)	
Unrealised fair value gain on investments held at FVTPL	11	1,171,703	
		1,264,929	
Other income			
Membership subscriptions		1,592	
Amortisation of deferred capital grant	19	401,973	
Miscellaneous income		172,197	
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		130	
Total incoming resources		26,115,892	

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

	Restricted		Unrestricted
			Expendable
	Restricted		Endowment
Total	Funds	Sub-Total	Fund
\$	\$	\$	\$
11,408,872	-	11,408,872	_
7,662,819	_	7,662,819	_
629,808	38,602	591,206	_
2,192,675	3,004	2,189,671	_
2,181,062	(241,441)	2,422,503	_
166,515	_	166,515	_
243,475	_	243,475	_
(58,323)	_	(58,323)	<u> </u>
351,667	-	351,667	-
_	-	-	258,441
1,171,703		1,171,703	
1,523,370	_	1,523,370	258,441
-,,		.,,	,
1,592	_	1,592	-
427,554	25,581	401,973	_
172,197	-	172,197	_
130		130	
26,200,079	(174,254)	26,374,333	258,441

FINANCIAL STATEMENT 2023/24

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

		General	
		Operating	
	Note	Fund	
		\$	
Resources expended:			
Employee benefits expense	7	16,046,537	
Fund raising projects		288,124	
Transportation expense		516,788	
Supplies and materials		402,122	
Community networking and volunteer management		2,690	
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		149	
Interest expense		102,968	
Maintenance fees:			
- Vehicles		19,257	
- Equipment		24,383	
- Building		408,091	
Administration expenses		1,317,016	
Audit fee		37,000	
Audit-related services fee		7,000	
Contract services		3,705,844	
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	8	376,767	
Amortisation of intangible assets	9	159,953	
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	10	597,417	
General publicity		111,441	
Goods and services tax		494,045	
Total resources expended		24,617,592	

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

	Restricted		Unrestricted
			Expendable
	Restricted		Endowment
Total	Funds	Sub-Total	Fund
\$	\$	\$	\$
16,055,904	9,367	16,046,537	_
288,124	, _	288,124	_
516,788	_	516,788	_
402,122	_	402,122	_
2,690	-	2,690	_
149	-	149	_
102,968	-	102,968	-
19,257	_	19,257	_
24,383	-	24,383	_
408,407	316	408,091	_
1,325,078	8,062	1,317,016	_
37,000	_	37,000	_
7,000	_	7,000	_
3,705,844	_	3,705,844	_
402,348	25,581	376,767	_
159,953	_	159,953	_
597,417	_	597,417	_
127,833	16,392	111,441	_
494,045	-	494,045	
24,677,310	59,718	24,617,592	_

FINANCIAL STATEMENT 2023/24

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

		General	
		Operating	
	Note	Fund	
		\$	
Surplus/(deficit) for the year		1,498,300	
Opening balance as at 1 April 2023		9,373,927	
Transfer of funds		217,584	
Balance as at 31 March 2024		11,089,811	

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

Unrestricted		Restricted	
Expendable			
Endowment		Restricted	
Fund	Sub-Total	Funds	Total
\$	\$	\$	\$
258,441	1,756,741	(233,972)	1,522,769
25,986,782	35,360,709	269,184	35,629,893
(217,584)	-	-	-
26,027,639	37,117,450	35,212	37,152,662

FINANCIAL STATEMENT 2023/24

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

		General	
		Operating	
	Note	Fund	
		\$	
2023			
Incoming resources:			
Income from generated funds			
Government subvention and other subsidies		10,318,807	
Government grants		5,928,971	
General donations	5	1,183,840	
Fund raising projects	5	2,130,201	
Service fees	6	2,243,852	
Investment income			
Interest income			
- Cash and cash equivalents		147,351	
- Debt assets instruments		417,513	
Less: Amortisation of investment premium on debt assets			
instruments	11	(93,159)	
Subtotal		471,705	
Less: Allocation between funds		(269,046)	
		202,659	
Other income			
Membership subscriptions		888	
Amortisation of deferred capital grant	19	342,937	
Miscellaneous income		137,377	
Total incoming resources		22,489,532	

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

Unrestricted		Restricted	
Expendable			
Endowment		Restricted	
Fund	Sub-Total	Funds	Total
\$	\$	\$	\$
	10.010.007		10 010 007
_	10,318,807	_	10,318,807
_	5,928,971	-	5,928,971
-	1,183,840	18,284	1,202,124
-	2,130,201	-	2,130,201
-	2,243,852	(323,154)	1,920,698
-	147,351	-	147,351
-	417,513	-	417,513
	(93,159)	_	(93,159)
_	471,705	-	471,705
269,046			
269,046	471,705	-	471,705
_	888	-	888
_	342,937	25,581	368,518
_	137,377	_	137,377
269,046	22,758,578	(279,289)	22,479,289

FINANCIAL STATEMENT 2023/24

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

		General	
		Operating	
	Note	Fund	
		\$	
Resources expended:			
Employee benefits expense	7	13,248,313	
Unrealised fair value loss on investments held at FVTPL	11	153,626	
Fund raising projects		150,687	
Transportation expense		421,733	
Supplies and materials		374,507	
Community networking and volunteer management		2,249	
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		467	
Interest expense		127,641	
Maintenance fees:			
- Vehicles		6,944	
- Equipment		58,961	
- Building		510,081	
Administration expenses		1,241,918	
Audit fee		25,000	
Audit-related services fee		9,500	
Contract services		2,942,409	
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	8	352,965	
Amortisation of intangible assets	9	70,656	
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	10	603,950	
General publicity		91,309	
Goods and services tax		304,694	
Total resources expended		20,697,610	

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

	estricted Restricted		Unrestricted
			Expendable
	Restricted		Endowment Fund
Total	Funds	Sub-Total	
\$	\$	\$	\$
13,248,313	_	13,248,313	_
153,626	_	153,626	_
150,687	_	150,687	_
421,733	-	421,733	_
376,157	1,650	374,507	_
2,249	_	2,249	_
467	_	467	_
127,641	-	127,641	-
6,944	_	6,944	_
58,961	_	58,961	_
510,081	_	510,081	_
1,241,918	_	1,241,918	_
25,000	_	25,000	_
9,500	-	9,500	_
2,943,993	1,584	2,942,409	_
378,546	25,581	352,965	_
70,656	-	70,656	_
603,950	-	603,950	_
97,080	5,771	91,309	_
304,694		304,694	_
20,732,196	34,586	20,697,610	

FINANCIAL STATEMENT 2023/24

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

		General	
		Operating	
	Note	Fund	
		\$	
Surplus/(deficit) for the year		1,791,922	
Opening balance as at 1 April 2022		14,306,555	
Transfer of funds		(6,724,550)	
Balance as at 31 March 2023		9,373,927	

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

Unrestricted		Restricted	
Expendable			
Endowment		Restricted	
Fund	Sub-Total	Funds	Total
\$	\$	\$	\$
269,046	2,060,968	(313,875)	1,747,093
,	, ,	, ,	, ,
18,993,186	33,299,741	583,059	33,882,800
6,724,550	_	-	
25,986,782	35,360,709	269,184	35,629,893

FINANCIAL STATEMENT 2023/24 21

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 March 2024

		2024	2023
	Note	\$	\$
ACCETO			
ASSETS Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	8	907,739	1,153,033
Intangible assets	9	1,129,270	602,915
Right-of-use assets	10	1,979,722	2,266,412
Other financial assets, non-current	11	2,082,999	4,890,044
			.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Total non-current assets		6,099,730	8,912,404
Current assets			
Other receivables	12	3,434,666	3,026,002
Other financial assets, current	11	21,637,680	15,293,466
Other assets	13	104,068	138,705
Cash and cash equivalents	14	18,899,117	21,051,373
Total current assets		44,075,531	39,509,546
		50 475 004	40, 404,050
Total assets		50,175,261	48,421,950
FUNDS AND LIABILITIES			
Funds			
Unrestricted			
General Operating Fund	15	11,089,811	9,373,927
Expendable Endowment Fund	15	26,027,639	25,986,782
Restricted			
Restricted Funds	15	35,212	269,184
Total funds		37,152,662	35,629,893
Non-current liabilities			
Provision	16	176,000	176,000
Lease liabilities, non-current	17	1,487,317	1,765,527
Total non-current liabilities		1,663,317	1,941,527
		. ,	, ,
Current liabilities		_	
Trade and other payables	18	5,034,364	4,206,742
Lease liabilities, current	17	570,253	547,456
Other liabilities	19	5,754,665	6,096,332
Total current liabilities		11,359,282	10,850,530
Total liabilities		13,022,599	12,792,057
			. ,
Total funds and liabilities		50,175,261	48,421,950

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities		
Surplus for the year	1,522,769	1,747,093
Surplus for the year	1,322,709	1,747,093
Adjustments for:		
Amortisation of deferred capital grants	(427,554)	(368,518)
Amortisation of intangible assets	159,953	70,656
Amortisation of investment premium	58,323	93,159
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	402,348	378,546
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	597,417	603,950
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	149	467
Unrealised (gain)/loss on fair value changes in investments		
held at FVTPL	(1,171,703)	153,626
Interest income	(409,990)	(564,864)
Interest expense	102,968	127,641
		,
Operating cash flows before changes in working capital	834,680	2,241,756
Other receivables	(468,349)	3,982,608
Other assets	36,637	32,447
Cash restricted in use	(337,856)	(308,159)
Trade and other payables	827,622	232,311
Other liabilities	85,887	(2,204,267)
Net cash flows from operating activities	978,621	3,976,696
Ocal flavor from invasting activities		
Cash flows from investing activities	467.675	405.222
Interest income received	467,675	485,323
Proceeds from redemption of debt assets instruments	5,000,000	6,750,000
Purchase of debt assets instruments	(7,423,789)	(3,273,632)
Purchase of intangible assets	(686,308)	(499,641)
Purchase of plant and equipment	(157,203)	(280,689)
Net cash flows (used in)/generated from investing activities	(2,799,625)	3,181,361
,, ,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Cash flows from financing activities		
Interest expense paid	(102,968)	(127,641)
Repayment of principle portion of lease liabilities	(566,140)	(541,599)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	(669,108)	(669,240)
Not (do anno a) (in anno a in angle and a sale a suite don't	(2.400.440)	0.400.047
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(2,490,112)	6,488,817
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning balance	16,179,403	9,690,586
Sast and Sast Squitalonts, Sognilling Salariso		3,000,000
Cash and cash equivalents, ending balance (Note 14)	13,689,291	16,179,403
Table and odding and	.5,555,251	10,17,0,400

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

1. General information

Home Nursing Foundation (the "Foundation") is a charitable organisation established in Singapore under the Societies Act 1966 and the Charities Act 1994. The Foundation is also registered as an Institution of a Public Character ("IPC") under the Income Tax Act 1947. The financial statements are presented in Singapore Dollar.

The principal objective of the Foundation is to provide a full range of integrated, comprehensive care services and programmes to clients. These services consist of home-nursing care, home-medical care, home-therapy, social welfare, maintenance day care, day rehabilitation such as physiotherapy, dementia care, centre-based nursing care and wellness programmes.

The registered office of the Foundation is located at 490 Lorong 6 Toa Payoh, HDB Hub #05-10, Singapore 310490. The Foundation is domiciled in Singapore.

2. Material accounting policies

a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements, expressed in Singapore dollar ("\$"), which is the functional currency of the Foundation, have been prepared in accordance with the Societies Act 1966, Charities Act 1994 and other relevant regulations and Financial Reporting Standards in Singapore ("FRSs"). The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRSs requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenditure during the financial year. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions and historical experiences and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

2. Material accounting policies (cont'd)

a) Basis of preparation (cont'd)

Use of estimates and judgements

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgement in applying accounting policies, or areas where assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of resulting in material adjustment within the next financial year are disclosed in Note 3.

The carrying amounts of other receivables, other assets, cash and cash equivalents, trade and other payables and accrued operating expenses approximate their respective fair values due to the relatively short-term maturity of these financial instruments.

New and revised standards that are adopted

In the current financial year, the Foundation has adopted all the new and revised FRSs and Interpretations of FRSs ("INT FRS") that are relevant to its operations and effective for the current financial year. Changes to the Foundation's accounting policies have been made as required, in accordance with the transitional provisions in the respective FRSs and INT FRS.

The adoption of these new/revised FRSs and INT FRSs did not have any material effect on the financial results or position of the Foundation except as disclosed below:

Amendments to FRS 1 and FRS Practice Statement 2: Disclosure of Accounting Policies

The amendments to FRS 1 and FRS Practice Statement 2 *Making Materiality Judgements* provide guidance and examples to help entities apply materiality judgements to accounting policy disclosures. The amendments require entities to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies, and provide guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures.

The Foundation has adopted the amendments to FRS 1 on disclosures of accounting policies. The amendments have no impact on the measurement, recognition and presentation of any items in the Foundation's financial statements.

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For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

2. Material accounting policies (cont'd)

a) Basis of preparation (cont'd)

Amendments to FRS 1 and FRS Practice Statement 2: Disclosure of Accounting Policies (cont'd)

New and revised standards not yet effective

New standards, amendments to standards and interpretations that have been issued at the end of the reporting period but are not yet effective for the financial year ended 31 March 2024 have not been applied in preparing these financial statements. None of these are expected to have a significant effect on the financial statements of the Foundation.

b) Incoming resources

Rendering of services

The Foundation offers full range of integrated, comprehensive care services and programmes to clients. Such services are recognised as a performance obligation satisfied over time. Service income is recognised when services are rendered to the patients.

Government subvention

Government subvention is recognised as income when the right to receive payment is established and the services have been provided. Government subvention may be adjusted subsequently when the government has reviewed and finalised the subvention paid and payable to the Foundation.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at fair value when there is reasonable assurance that the conditions attaching to them will be complied with and that the grants will be received.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

2. Material accounting policies (cont'd)

b) Incoming resources (cont'd)

Government grants (cont'd)

Grants in recognition of specific expenses are recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods necessary to match them with the related costs that they are intended to compensate. Grants which are received but not utilised are included in the grants received in advance account.

The grant related to assets is presented in the statement of financial position by recognising the grant as deferred income that is recognised in statement of financial activities on a systematic basis over the useful life of the asset and in the proportions in which depreciation expense on those assets is recognised. On disposal of the property, plant and equipment, the balance of the related grants is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income to match the net book value of the property, plant and equipment disposed of.

Donations

Donations are recognised as and when the right to receive is established, typically upon receipt. If donations are received for a specific fundraising or charity event, the donation received will be deferred as a liability until the event has been conducted.

A donation in kind is included in the statement of financial activities based on an estimate of the fair value at the date of the receipt of the gift of the non-monetary asset or the grant of a right to the monetary asset. The gift is recognised if the amount of the gift can be measured reliably and there is no uncertainty that it will be received. No value is ascribed to volunteer services.

Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis using the effective interest rate method. All interest income is first credited to the General Operating Fund, and subsequently allocated to various funds based on the average fund balances during the year.

Membership subscriptions

Membership subscriptions are recognised over the membership period on a straight-line basis.

Other income

Miscellaneous income is recognised upon receipt.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

2. Material accounting policies (cont'd)

c) Foreign currency transactions

The functional currency is the Singapore Dollar as it reflects the primary economic environment in which the Foundation operates. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded in the functional currency at the

rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. At each end of the reporting year, recorded monetary balances

and balances measured at fair value that are denominated in non-functional currencies are reported at the

rates ruling at the end of the reporting year and fair value measurement dates respectively. All realised and

unrealised exchange adjustment gains and losses are dealt with in profit or loss. The presentation is in the

functional currency.

d) Income tax

The Foundation is a registered charity under the Charities Act and is exempted from income tax under the

provisions of the Income Tax Act.

e) Property, plant and equipment

Depreciation is provided on a straight-line method to allocate the gross carrying amounts of the assets less

their residual values over their estimated useful lives of each part of an item of these assets. The annual rates

of depreciation are as follows:

Building improvements - 3% to 20%

Office equipment - 20% to 33%

Medical equipment - 20%

Furniture and fittings - 20%

Motor vehicles - 20%

The building improvements of the Foundation has been depreciated over its estimated useful life, which

assumes that the Foundation will be able to continue to use the present premises over the remaining estimated

useful life of the building. No depreciation is provided for items under work-in-progress.

An asset is depreciated when it is available for use until it is derecognised even if during that period the item

is idle. Fully depreciated assets still in use are retained in the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

2. Material accounting policies (cont'd)

f) Intangible assets

The amortisable amount of an intangible asset with finite useful life is allocated on a systematic basis over the best estimate of its useful life from the point at which the asset is ready for use. The annual rates of amortisation are as follows:

Computer software - 33%

g) Right-of-use assets

The right-of-use assets are accounted and presented as if they were owned such as property, plant and equipment. The annual rates of depreciation are as follows:

Premises - Over the terms of leases that are 33%

h) Financial instruments

Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments:

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised when, and only when, the entity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All other financial instruments (including regular-way purchases and sales of financial assets) are recognised and derecognised, as applicable, using trade date accounting or settlement date accounting. A financial asset is derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the entity neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset. A financial liability is removed from the statement of financial position when, and only when, it is extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

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For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

2. Material accounting policies (cont'd)

h) Financial instruments (cont'd)

Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments (cont'd):

At initial recognition the financial asset or financial liability is measured at its fair value plus or minus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability.

Classification and measurement of financial assets:

Financial assets are classified into (1) Financial asset classified as measured at amortised cost; (2) Financial asset that is an equity investment measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"); (3) Financial asset that is a debt asset instrument classified as measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"); and (4) Financial asset classified as measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"). At the end of the reporting year, the Foundation had the following financial assets:

- (a) Financial asset classified as measured at amortised cost: A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), that is (a) the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and (b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Typically trade and other receivables, bank and cash balances are classified in this category.
- (b) Financial asset classified as measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"): All other financial assets are classified as measured at FVTPL. In addition, on initial recognition, management may irrevocably designate a financial asset as measured at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

Classification and measurement of financial liabilities:

All financial liabilities are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

2. Material accounting policies (cont'd)

i) Fair value measurement

The fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, market observable data to the extent possible is used. If the fair value of an asset or a liability is not directly observable, an estimate is made using valuation techniques that maximise the use of relevant observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs (e.g., by use of the market comparable approach that reflects recent transaction prices for similar items, discounted cash flow analysis, or option pricing models refined to reflect the issuer's specific circumstances). Inputs used are consistent with the characteristics of the asset/liability that market participants would take into account. The Foundation's intention to hold an asset or to settle or otherwise fulfil a liability is not taken into account as relevant when measuring fair value.

Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the degree to which the inputs to the measurement are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety: Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices). Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). Transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy are recognised at the end of the reporting period during which the change occurred.

The carrying values of current financial instruments approximate their fair values due to the short-term maturity of these instruments and the disclosures of fair value are not made when the carrying amount of current financial instruments is a reasonable approximation of the fair value. The fair values of non-current financial instruments may not be disclosed separately unless there are significant differences at the end of the reporting year and in the event the fair values are disclosed in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

j) Funds

All income and expenditures are reflected in the statement of financial activities. Income and expenditures specifically relating to any of the funds separately set up by the Foundation are allocated subsequently to those funds. Fund balances restricted by outside sources are so indicated and are distinguished from unrestricted funds allocated to specific purposes, if any, by action of the management. Externally restricted funds may only be utilised in accordance with the purposes established by the source of such funds or through the terms of an appeal and are in contrast with unrestricted funds over which management retains full control to use in achieving any of its institutional purposes. An expense resulting from the operating activities of a fund that is directly attributable to the fund is charged to that fund.

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For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

3. Critical judgements, assumptions and estimation uncertainties

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the balance sheet date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

i) Fair value of unquoted investments

If a financial asset is not traded in an active market or if the quoted price is not readily and regularly available, the fair value is established by using valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs. The fair value measurement requires the selection among a range of different valuation methodologies, making estimates about expected future cash flows and discount rates. The carrying amount of the unquoted investments is disclosed in Note 11.

4. Related party relationships and transactions

The financial reporting standard on related party disclosures requires the Foundation to disclose: (a) transactions with its related parties; and (b) relationships between the parent and subsidiaries irrespective of whether there have been transactions between those related parties. A party is related to a party if the party controls, or is controlled by, or can significantly influence or is significantly influenced by the other party.

A related party includes the Board of Management and key management of the Foundation. It also includes an entity or person that directly or indirectly controls, is controlled by, or is under common or joint control with these persons; members of the key management personnel or close members of the family of any individual referred to herein and others who have the ability to control, jointly control or significantly influence by or for which significant voting power in such entity resides with, directly or indirectly, any such individual.

The Board of Management and staff members of the Foundation are required to read and understand the conflict of interest policy in place and make full disclosure of interests, relationships and holding that could potentially result in conflict of interests. When a conflict of interest situation arises, the member of the Board of Management or staff shall abstain from participating in the discussion, decision making and voting on the matter.

The Board of Management are volunteers and receive no monetary remuneration for their contribution. There are no paid staff who are close members of the family of the Board of Management, and whose remuneration each exceeds \$50,000 during the year.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

4. Related party relationships and transactions (cont'd)

Key management compensation

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	1,751,271	1,988,179

The above amounts are included under employee benefits expense.

Key management personnel are the chief executive officer and those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Foundation, directly or indirectly.

Number of key management in compensation bands:

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
\$100,000 and below	2	2
\$100,001 to \$200,000	6	8
\$200,001 to \$300,000	1	1
\$300,000 and above	1	1

5. Donations

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
General donations		
	400.750	411 400
Tax-deductible donations	406,753	411,490
Non tax-deductible donations	223,055	790,634
Total	629,808	1,202,124
Donations from fund raising projects		
	2.061.027	2.014.000
Tax-deductible donations	2,061,937	2,014,998
Non tax-deductible donations	130,738	115,203
Total	2,192,675	2,130,201

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FINANCIAL STATEMENT 2023/24

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

5. Donations (cont'd)

Tax deductible receipts

The Foundation enjoys a concessionary tax treatment whereby qualifying donors are granted 2.5 times tax deduction for the donations made to the accumulated funds of the Foundation. The Foundation's Institutions of a Public Character ("IPC") status for general donations is for the period from 1 October 2021 to 30 September 2024.

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Tax-deductible receipts issued for donations collected	2,468,690	2,426,488

6. Services fee

2024	2023
\$	\$
4,345,930	3,686,137
(2,164,868)	(1,765,439)
2,181,062	1,920,698
	\$ 4,345,930 (2,164,868)

7. Employee benefits expense

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Short term employee benefits expense	13,442,219	11,224,612
Contribution to defined contribution plan	1,904,829	1,440,660
Other benefits	708,856	583,041
Total employee benefits expense	16,055,904	13,248,313

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

8. Property, plant and equipment

	Building	Office	Medical	Furniture	Motor	
	improvements	equipment	equipment	and fittings	vehicles	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cost						
At 1 April 2022	795,726	503,233	489,988	38,801	241,738	2,069,486
Additions	184,418	78,490	17,781	_	_	280,689
Written-off		(2,420)	(1,600)	(1,451)	-	(5,471)
At 31 March 2023	980,144	579,303	506,169	37,350	241,738	2,344,704
Additions	260	117,431	29,512	10,000	_	157,203
Written-off		(12,234)		(3,800)	_	(16,034)
At 31 March 2024	980,404	684,500	535,681	43,550	241,738	2,485,873
Accumulated						
depreciation						
At 1 April 2022	112,052	359,878	186,148	34,815	125,236	818,129
Depreciation for the year	161,699	95,935	94,531	1,490	24,891	378,546
Written-off		(2,420)	(1,133)	(1,451)	_	(5,004)
At 31 March 2023	273,751	453,393	279,546	34,854	150,127	1,191,671
Depreciation for the year	200,273	78,401	96,855	1,928	24,891	402,348
Written-off		(12,085)	-	(3,800)	-	(15,885)
At 31 March 2024	474,024	519,709	376,401	32,982	175,018	1,578,134
Carrying value						
At 1 April 2022	683,674	143,355	303,840	3,986	116,502	1,251,357
At 31 March 2023	706,393	125,910	226,623	2,496	91,611	1,153,033
At 31 March 2024	506,380	164,791	159,280	10,568	66,720	907,739

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For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

9. Intangible assets

		Computer	
	Computer	software work-in-	
	software	progress	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Cost			
At 1 April 2022	1,253,452	691	1,254,143
Additions	203,069	296,572	499,641
Transfer	691	(691)	_
At 31 March 2023	1,457,212	296,572	1,753,784
Additions	90,137	596,171	686,308
At 31 March 2024	1,547,349	892,743	2,440,092
Accumulated amortisation			
At 1 April 2022	1,080,213	_	1,080,213
Amortisation for the year	70,656	_	70,656
At 31 March 2023	1,150,869	_	1,150,869
Amortisation for the year	159,953		159,953
At 31 March 2024	1,310,822	_	1,310,822
Carrying value			
At 1 April 2022	173,239	691	173,930
At 31 March 2023	306,343	296,572	602,915
At 31 March 2024	236,527	892,743	1,129,270

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

10. Right-of-use assets

	Premises
	\$
Cost	
At 1 April 2022 and 31 March 2023	3,256,876
Additions	310,727
Written-off	(105,674)
At 31 March 2024	3,461,929
Accumulated depreciation	
At 1 April 2022	386,514
Depreciation for the year	603,950
At 31 March 2023	990,464
Depreciation for the year	597,417
Written-off	(105,674)
At 31 March 2024	1,482,207
Carrying value	
At 1 April 2022	2,870,362
At 31 March 2023	2,266,412
At 31 March 2024	1,979,722

The leases are for the office premise and senior care centres. The lease terms are usually negotiated for an average term of three years.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

11. Other financial assets

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Investments in unquoted funds at FVTPL	18,878,998	10,283,506
Investments in debt assets instruments at amortised cost	4,841,681	9,900,004
	23,720,679	20,183,510
Presented in the statement of financial position as follows:		
Current	21,637,680	15,293,466
Non-current	2,082,999	4,890,044
	23,720,679	20,183,510
Investments in unquoted funds at FVTPL		
	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Movement during the year:		
Balance at beginning of the year	10,283,506	10,413,500
Additions	7,423,789	23,632
Unrealised fair value gain/(loss) for the year	1,171,703	(153,626)
Balance at end of the year	18,878,998	10,283,506

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

11. Other financial assets (cont'd)

Investments in unquoted funds at FVTPL (cont'd)

Details of the investment portfolio, including the fair value hierarchy, are as follows:

		2024	2023
	Level	\$	\$
Unquoted funds: LionGlobal Singapore Fixed Income Investment			
Class I Funds	2	-	5,566,783
LionGlobal All Seasons Fund (Standard) SGD			
Class Acc/SGD	2	7,402,827	_
PineBridge International Singapore Bond Fund	2	4,944,270	4,716,723
Wellington Global Multi-Asset Target Return II Fund	2	6,531,901	
		18,878,998	10,283,506

The Foundation's investments in unquoted funds are managed by external fund managers. The Foundation is only able to dispose off or maintain the investments with the fund manager and has no significant influence or control over the fund.

The key terms of the investments are as follows:

- (a) The investment portfolio of the investment securities are either quoted or issued by Sovereign/Statutory Board of Singapore.
- (b) The investments do not generate any form of dividend income.
- (c) The Foundation has the right to cease the investment with the external fund managers at any time. The Foundation is entitled to the NAV of the portfolio as determined by the external fund managers as of cessation date.

As these unquoted funds are not publicly traded, the fair values presented are determined by the respective fund managers.

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For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

11. Other financial assets (cont'd)

Investments in unquoted funds at FVTPL (cont'd)

The unquoted funds are exposed to the market price risk arising from uncertainties about future values of the investment securities.

Sensitivity analysis: The effect is as follow:

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
A hypothetical 10% increase in the fair value of unquoted funds		
would have a favourable effect on the fair value by	1,887,900	1,028,351

For similar price decreases in the fair value of the above financial assets, there would be comparable impact in the opposite direction.

The hypothetical changes in basis points are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Investments in debt assets instruments at amortised cost

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Movement during the year:		
Balance at beginning of the year	9,900,004	13,493,163
Additions	-	3,250,000
Redemption	(5,000,000)	(6,750,000)
Amortisation of investment premium	(58,323)	(93,159)
Balance at end of the year	4,841,681	9,900,004

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

11. Other financial assets (cont'd)

Investments in debt assets instruments at amortised cost (cont'd)

The information gives a summary of the significant sector concentrations within the investment portfolio and their fair values (determined by reference to the quoted bond prices):

		Carrying values		Fair	values
		2024	2023	2024	2023
	Level	\$	\$	\$	\$
Real estate	2	2,508,191	4,285,490	2,494,550	4,211,250
Transport	2	250,492	252,992	249,425	247,500
Government bonds	1	2,082,998	5,361,522	2,017,000	5,285,600
		4,841,681	9,900,004	4,760,975	9,744,350

The above investments are bonds issued by government statutory boards or corporations listed on the Singapore Stock Exchange. These investments are held primarily to provide an investment return for the Foundation. The rate of interest for the interest earning bonds ranged between 3.1% to 3.9% (2023: 3.1% to 3.9%) per annum.

A summary of the maturity dates of these debt assets instruments as at the end of reporting year is as follows:

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Less than 1 year	2,758,683	5,009,960
Within 1 to 3 years	2,082,998	2,778,522
After 3 years		2,111,522
	4,841,681	9,900,004

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

11. Other financial assets (cont'd)

Investments in debt assets instruments at amortised cost (cont'd)

Debt assets instruments carried at amortised cost are subject to the expected credit loss model under the financial reporting standard on financial instruments. These debt assets instruments are considered to have low credit risk if they have an investment grade credit rating with one or more reputable rating agencies or the issuer has a strong capacity to meet the contractual cash flow obligations in the near term. At the end of the first reporting period a loss allowance is recognised at an amount equal to 12 month expected credit losses because there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition.

At each subsequent reporting date, an evaluation is made whether there is a significant change in credit risk by comparing the debtor's credit risk at initial recognition (based on the original, unmodified cash flows) with the credit risk at the reporting date (based on the modified cash flows). No loss allowance is necessary.

The carrying value of the debt assets instruments, categorised by their credit risk, is as follows:

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Balances with investment grade credit rating by		
reputable rating agencies	2,333,490	6,616,859
Balances where issuers have a strong capacity to		
meet contractual cash flows	2,508,191	3,283,145
Total	4,841,681	9,900,004

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

12. Other receivables

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Subvention and grants receivables	3,274,162	2,803,203
Interest receivables	98,987	156,672
Outside parties	62,313	66,127
Provision for doubtful debts	(796)	_
	3,434,666	3,026,002

Other receivables are normally with no fixed terms and therefore there is no maturity.

Other receivables at amortised cost shown above are subject to the expected credit loss model under the financial reporting standard on financial instruments. Other receivables are regarded as low credit risk if they have a low risk of default and the debtor has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term. At the end of the first reporting period a loss allowance is recognised at an amount equal to 12 month expected credit losses because there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition.

At each subsequent reporting date, an evaluation is made whether there is a significant change in credit risk by comparing the debtor's credit risk at initial recognition (based on the original, unmodified cash flows) with the credit risk at the reporting date (based on the modified cash flows).

13. Other assets

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Prepayments	26,783	62,254
Deposits to secure services	75,285	76,451
Security deposit	2,000	
	104,068	138,705

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

14. Cash and cash equivalents

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Not restricted in use (a)	13,689,291	16,179,403
Restricted in use:		
Cash restricted in use	5,174,614	4,602,786
Cash under restricted funds	35,212	269,184
	18,899,117	21,051,373
Interest earning balances	7,621,169	10,062,877

Included in cash and cash equivalents not restricted in use are monies received under Community Silver Trust Fund amounting to \$Nil (2023: \$409,828) (Note 19).

Cash restricted in use

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Cash and cash equivalents restricted in use comprise monies received for the following:

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Cash pledged for bank facilities	50,150	50,100
Monies received for the following:		
Donation received in advance (Note 19)	33,839	50,067
Financial Assistance Scheme (Note 19)	22,300	_
Community Silver Trust grant (Note 19)	4,993,809	4,435,544
Medifund and Medifund Silver grant (Note 19)	74,516	67,075
	5,174,614	4,602,786

Cash pledged for bank facilities refers to fixed deposit pledged as security for corporate credit card facilities granted by a bank to the Foundation.

The rate of interest for the cash on interest earning balances is 1.50% to 4.00% (2023: 0.10% to 3.85%) per annum.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

14. Cash and cash equivalents (cont'd)

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Amount as shown above	18,899,117	21,051,373
Restricted in use	(5,209,826)	(4,871,970)
Cash and cash equivalents for statement of cash flows		
purposes at end of the year	13,689,291	16,179,403

15. Funds of the Foundation

Funds

General Operating Fund

Income and expenditure relating to the main activities of the Foundation are accounted for through the General Operating Fund in the statement of financial activities.

Expendable Endowment Fund

The Expendable Endowment Fund, which was established under the Foundation's by-laws on 23 January 2008, consists of:

- (a) All specific donations and gifts intended for the Expendable Endowment Fund;
- (b) All surplus of the General Operating Fund in excess of the operating expenditure of the past 1 year; and
- (c) Such other monies as the Board of Management may determine to transfer to the Expendable Endowment Fund.

The Expendable Endowment Fund is intended to generate investment income that can be used for the Foundation's activities.

The Expendable Endowment Fund may be used for such purposes as may be approved by the Board of Management.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

15. Funds of the Foundation (cont'd)

Funds (cont'd)

Restricted Funds

Restricted Funds comprise of the following restricted funds whereby donors made donations for the purpose(s) as specified in each of the funds below:

- (a) Home Medical/Nursing Service Fee/Home Therapy/Senior Care Centre Fund is to assist needy patients in covering the difference in service fees between the Ministry of Health subvention and actual service fees charged.
- (b) Hamper Fund is for the procurement and distribution of hampers to needy patients.
- (c) Workforce Optimiser ("WFO") Fund is to partially fund the development and operating cost for WFO.

Reserves and funds management

The Foundation's objectives when managing the reserves and funds are:

- (a) to safeguard the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern;
- (b) to support the Foundation's stability and growth; and
- (c) to provide reserves and funds for the purpose of strengthening the Foundation's risk management capability.

There were no changes in the Foundation's approach to reserves and fund management during the reporting year.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

15. Funds of the Foundation (cont'd)

Reserves and funds management (cont'd)

The Foundation's reserve position is as follows:

	2024	2023
Accumulated unrestricted funds (\$)	37,117,450	35,370,709
Annual operating expenditure (\$)	24,617,592	20,697,610
Ratio of unrestricted reserves to annual operating expenditure	1.51 : 1	1.71 : 1

^{*} Annual operating expenditure represents total resources expended for unrestricted funds.

The reserves and funds that the Foundation has set aside to provide financial stability and the means for the development of its principal activities. The Foundation actively and regularly reviews and manages its reserves and funds to ensure optimal structure taking into consideration the future requirements of the Foundation and reserves and funds efficiency, prevailing and projected profitability, projected operating cash flows, projected capital expenditures and projected strategic investment opportunities.

16. Provision

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Movements in above provision:		
At beginning of the year and end of the year	176,000	176,000

Provision for restoration costs is the estimated costs of restoration of property, plant and equipment arising from use of assets, which are capitalised and included in the cost of right-of-use assets. The unwinding of discount is not significant.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

17. Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are present in the statement of financial position as follows:

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Lanca linkilikina		
<u>Lease liabilities</u>	570.050	E 47 4E0
Current	570,253	547,456
Non-current	1,487,317	1,765,527
	2,057,570	2,312,983
Movements of lease liabilities for the reporting year are as	s follows:	
	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Balance at beginning of the year	2,312,983	2,854,582
Additions	310,727	_
Accretion of interest	102,968	127,641
Lease payments principal portion paid	(566,140)	(541,599)
Interest expense paid	(102,968)	(127,641)
Balance at the end of year	2,057,570	2,312,983

The leases are in relation to the Foundation's office premises and senior care centres. These leases are secured by the right-of-use assets (Note 10) because these will revert to the lessor in the event of default.

A summary of the maturity analysis of lease liabilities that shows the remaining contractual maturities is disclosed in Note 22.

There were no future cash outflows to which the lessee is potentially exposed that are not reflected in the measurement of lease liabilities above. There were no commitments on leases which had not yet commenced as at the reporting year end.

Lease expense not included in the measurement of lease liabilities are as follows:

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Lease expense - short term leases	7,618	8,788

During the financial year, total cash outflow for leases amounted to \$676,726 (2023: \$678,028).

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

18. Trade and other payables

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
<u>Trade payables:</u>		
Outside parties	392,040	340,425
Other payables:		
Outside parties and accrued expenses	4,642,324	3,866,317
Total trade and other payables	5,034,364	4,206,742
). Other liabilities		
	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Donations received in advance	33,839	50,067
Deferred capital grants	817,332	1,133,818
Grants received in advance	4,903,494	4,912,447
	5,754,665	6,096,332
Donations received in advance		
	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Balance at beginning of the year	50,067	157,545
Addition during the year	157,000	19,362
Utilised during the year	(173,228)	(126,840)
Balance at end of the year	33,839	50,067

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

19. Other liabilities (cont'd)

Deferred capital grants

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Balance at beginning of the year	1,133,818	1,143,173
Grant received during the year	111,068	359,163
Amortisation for the year	(427,554)	(368,518)
Balance at end of the year	817,332	1,133,818

Deferred capital grants relate to the grants from government for the purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangibles. The deferred capital grants are amortised within the respective useful lives of the property, plant and equipment and intangibles acquired.

Grants received in advance

		Medifund		
		and	Financial	
	Community	Medifund	Assistance	
	Silver Trust	Silver	Scheme	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
2024				
Balance at beginning of the year	4,845,372	67,075	_	4,912,447
Grants received during the year	3,240,218	335,500	22,300	3,598,018
Utilised during the year	(3,278,912)	(328,059)		(3,606,971)
Balance at end of the year	4,806,678	74,516	22,300	4,903,494
2023				
Balance at beginning of the year	7,255,014	113,385	_	7,368,399
Grants received during the year	_	296,700	_	296,700
Refunded during the year	(346,999)	_	-	(346,999)
Utilised during the year	(2,062,643)	(343,010)		(2,405,653)
Balance at end of the year	4,845,372	67,075	_	4,912,447

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

19. Other liabilities (cont'd)

Grants received in advance (cont'd)

Community Silver Trust grant is a scheme whereby the government will provide a matching grant of one dollar for every donation dollar raised by eligible organisations. The objectives are to encourage more donations and provide additional resources for the service providers in the Intermediate and Long Term Care Sector and to enhance capabilities and provide value-added services to achieve affordable and higher quality care.

Medifund and Medifund Silver is a scheme to help eligible patients pay their medical bills for their co-payment portion.

Financial Assistance Scheme is a scheme for Singapore Permanent Resident to set up and funded by Ministry of Health to help eligible patients pay their medical bill for their co-payment portion.

20. Columnar presentation of statement of financial position

A majority of the assets and liabilities are attributable to the unrestricted funds. All the assets of the restricted funds are represented by cash. Accordingly, the Foundation did not adopt a columnar presentation of its assets, liabilities and funds in the statement of financial position as it was not meaningful.

21. Capital commitments

Estimated amounts committed at the end of the reporting year for future capital expenditure but not recognised in the financial statements are as follows:

2024	2023
\$	\$
402,088	1,026,758

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

22. Financial instruments

a) Categories of financial assets and liabilities

The following table categorises the carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at the end of the reporting year:

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Financial assets		
At amortised cost	27,177,464	33,977,379
At FVTPL	18,878,998	10,283,506
	46,056,462	44,260,885
Financial liabilities At amortised cost	6,661,913	6,089,528

Further quantitative disclosures are included throughout these financial statements.

b) Financial risk management

The Foundation is exposed to financial risks arising from its operations and the use of financial instruments. The key financial risks include interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Foundation is not exposed to foreign exchange risk as the Foundation transacts substantially in its functional currency. The policies for managing each of these risks are summarised below. The management reviews and agrees policies and procedures for the management of these risks.

There has been no change to the Foundation's exposure to these financial risks or the manner in which it manages and measures financial risk.

Interest rate risk

The Foundation's exposure to the risk of changes in interest rates arises mainly from the bank and cash balances and fixed deposits (Note 14) placed with reputable financial institutions. For interest income from the fixed deposits, the Foundation managed the interest rate risks by placing fixed deposits with reputable financial institutions on varying maturities and interest rate terms. The sensitivity analysis for changes in interest rate is not disclosed as the effect on income or expenditure is not significant.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

22. Financial instruments (cont'd)

b) Financial risk management (cont'd)

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss that may arise on outstanding financial instruments should a counterparty default on its obligations. The Foundation's exposure to credit risk arises primarily from cash and cash equivalents and sundry receivables. For financial assets, including cash and cash equivalents, the Foundation minimises credit risk by dealing exclusively with high credit rating counterparties.

The Foundation does not have any significant concentration of credit risk exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying value of each class of financial assets recognised on the balance sheet.

The Foundation's exposure to credit risk arises from the failure of a client to settle its financial and contractual obligations to the Foundation, as and when they fall due. The management manages this risk by limiting the aggregate financial exposure to any individual client.

The following sets out the Foundation's internal credit evaluation practices and basis for recognition and measurement of expected credit losses ("ECL"):

Description of evaluation of financial assets	Basis for recognition and measurement of ECL
Counterparty has a low risk of default and does not	12-month ECL
have any past due amounts	
Contractual payments are more than 30 days past	Lifetime ECL - not credit-impaired
due or where there has been a significant increase	
in credit risk since initial recognition	
Contractual payments are more than 90 days past	Lifetime ECL - credit-impaired
due or there is evidence of credit impairment	
There is evidence indicating that the Foundation	Write-off
has no reasonable expectation of recovery of	
payments such as when the debtor has been placed	
under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy	
proceedings	

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

22. Financial instruments (cont'd)

b) Financial risk management (cont'd)

Credit risk (cont'd)

The Foundation determines the ECL of amounts due from clients by making debtor-specific assessment of expected impairment loss for overdue amounts due from clients and using a provision matrix for amounts due from clients that is based on its historical credit loss experience, past due status of clients, clients' ability to pay and forward-looking information specific to the clients and economic environment.

The Foundation considers that default has occurred when the client fails to make contractual payments more than 90 days past due. A client outstanding balance is written off when there is information indicating that there is no realistic prospect of recovery from the client.

There has been no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the current financial year.

Credit risk exposure in relation to cash and cash equivalents and sundry receivables (except for amounts due from clients) as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023 is insignificant, and accordingly no credit loss allowances is recognised as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Foundation will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations due to shortage of funds. The Foundation's exposure to liquidity risk arises primarily from mismatches of the maturities of financial assets and liabilities. The Foundation manages the liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash to enable them to meet their normal operating commitments.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

22. Financial instruments (cont'd)

b) Financial risk management (cont'd)

Liquidity risk (cont'd)

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Foundation's non-derivative financial liabilities at the balance sheet date based on contractual undiscounted repayment obligations:

	Less than		
	1 year	1 - 5 years	Total
	\$	\$	\$
2024			
Gross lease liabilities	654,478	1,576,470	2,230,948
Trade and other payables	4,604,343	_	4,604,343
	5,258,821	1,576,470	6,835,291
2023			
Gross lease liabilities	647,838	1,918,342	2,566,180
Trade and other payables	3,776,545	_	3,776,545
	4,424,383	1,918,342	6,342,725

23. Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities

a) Fair value hierarchy

The tables below analyse the fair value measurements by the levels in the fair value hierarchy based on the inputs to the valuation techniques. The different levels are defined as follows:

- a) Level 1 quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- b) Level 2 inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (ie derived from prices); and
- c) Level 3 inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

23. Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities (cont'd)

b) Fair value measurement of assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value

The following table presents the level of fair value hierarchy for each class of financial assets measured at fair value on the balance sheet:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
2024				
Financial Assets				
Financial assets at fair value through profit				
or loss				
- Investments in unquoted funds at FVTPL	_	18,878,998	_	18,878,998
- Investments in debt assets instruments at				
amortised cost	2,082,998	2,758,683	_	4,841,681
	2,082,998	21,637,681	_	23,720,679
2023				
Financial Assets				
Financial assets at fair value through profit				
or loss				
- Investments in unquoted funds at FVTPL	_	10,283,506	_	10,283,506
- Investments in debt assets instruments at				
amortised cost	5,361,522	4,538,482	_	9,900,004
	5,361,522	14,821,988	_	20,183,510

c) Determination of fair values

Investments under fund management and commercial bonds

The fair value of these investments are determined based on market prices provided by financial institutions at the balance sheet date. These instruments are included in Level 2.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

24. Authorisation of financial statements

The financial statements of the Foundation for the financial year ended 31 March 2024 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Management dated 10 July 2024.

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